

Section 1 Ide	entification
Product Name: Product Numbers: Synonyms: Recommended Use: Manufacturer: General Information: Emergency:	CenterLine® Cold Spray Feedstock Powder – Aluminum Alloy (6xxx Series) + Aluminum Oxide SST-A0079 Al6061-Alumina blend, Al6061-Al ₂ O ₃ blend, Low Pressure Cold Spray CenterLine (Windsor) Ltd, 415 Morton Drive, Windsor, Ontario N9J 3T8, Canada US Office: 1985 Ring Drive, Troy MI 48083, USA T:519-734-8464 / F:519-734-2000 / Email: info@cntrline.com 800-423-0367 / 519-259-4307
Section 2 Ha	azard(s) identification
Classification of the Regulation (EC) No GHS Classification Label Elements Regulation (EC) No GHS Classification Pictogram(s): Signal Words: Hazard Statem Precautionary P261 - Avo P264 - Was P305+351- presen Hazards not otherw The Alumir Transp definition dust co alloy po Excess second with was	 Substance b.1272/2008 (CLP): Not Applicable an accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): Not Applicable b.1272/2008 (CLP): Not Required an accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): b.1272/2008 (CLP): Not Required an accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): b.1272/2008 (CLP): Not Required an accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): b.1272/2008 (CLP): Not Required an accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): b.1272/2008 (CLP): Not Required an accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): b.1272/2008 (CLP): Not Required b.1272/2



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Section 3	Composition	/information or	n ingredients	S	
Ingredients	CAS Numb	er EINECS NO.	% WT	OSHA-PEL ^a	ACGIH-TLV ^a
AI	7429-90-5	231-072-3	60 - 80	15 mg/m ³ (Total) 5 mg/m ³ (Resp)	1 mg/m ³
Mg	7439-95-4	231-104-6	0.1 – 2	15 mg/m ³ (Fume)	10 mg/m ³ (Fume)
Si	7440-21-3	231-130-8	0.1 – 2	10 mg/m³ (Total) 5 mg/m³ (Resp)	10 mg/m ³ (Total) 5 mg/m ³ (Resp)
Al ₂ O ₃	1344-28-1	215-691-6	16 - 40	15 mg/m ³ (Total) 15 mg/m ³ (Resp)	1 mg/m³ (as Al, Resp)
Section 4	First-aid mea	asures			
Eyes: F s Inhalation: F a Ingestion: D p	hould not be worn while emove the person to fr re not breathing perforr to not induce vomiting u	handling this mate esh air, and if proble n artificial respiratio Inless instructed by	rial. ems with breath n. Seek medica a physician. No	and then seek medical attention ning still persist supply res al attention. ever give anything by mou o to 1 oz. in children and 9	piratory support. If the
Section 5	Fire-fighting	measures			
Hazardous C g Special Fire e b Unusual Fire n ir	ases. Fighting Procedures: liminate oxygen. Isolate urning powder until con and Explosion Hazar nay explode violently wh contact with ferrous m	Combustion of this Avoid water, haloge burning material w npletely cool. Use o ds: Reacts with wa nen ignited. High he etal oxide (e.g. rust	enated extinguis rith ring of dry s f ABC rated ext ter, acids, and a eat of fire may c) may present h	vill cause the formation of shing agents. Avoid gener and or Type D extinguish tinguishers may accelerat alkalis to produce hydroge ause underlying concrete nazard of a thermite react ammable/explosive hydroge	ration of dust. Cover to ant. Do not disturb e fire. en. Dust/air mixture to fracture. Dust/Fines ion. Dust/fines in
S	econdary explosion by	limiting accumulation	ons of fugitive d	ust.	
	Minimum Ignition To Minimum Explosible Minimum Ignition E Deflagration Index (emperature (MIT): e Concentration (M nergy (MIE) K _{st})	760 1EC) 45 - 4 90 -	°C (cloud) °C (layer) 120 gm/m ³ 13 mJ - 300 bar-m/sec	
Section 6				for further data for specific partic	<u>//F 3/273.</u>
Clean-Up Pro c b Personal pre	ocedures: Reseal cont onductive tools to trans ristles. Avoid synthetic cautions, protective e	fer spilled material t materials. Avoid ge quipment and em	ources of ignition to a leak-proof of neration of dust ergency proce	on. Prohibit smoking in ar container. Brushes/Broom cloud during clean-up. dures: Wear appropriate a and provide ventilation.	es should have natural



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or fume. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Refer to Section 8. Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter drains or to be released to the environment. Refer to Section 12.

Section 7 Handling and storage

Safe handling procedure: Use the material in a well-ventilated area. Do not allow water, moist air or any other incompatibles to come into contact with the material. Try to avoid allowing the material to come into contact with workers routes of exposure/entry. Wash hands after handling the material and remove and wash clothing before reuse. Use dust-tight containers that should remain closed when they are not in use. Have emergency equipment readily available. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in handling/storage areas.

- Hygienic Practices: Wash hands thoroughly after handling, and before eating or smoking. Smoking and consumption of food or beverages should be restricted from areas where hazardous dust or chemical may be present. Do not shake clothing, rags, or other items to remove dust. Dust should be removed by laundering or vacuuming (with appropriate filters) the clothing, rags, or other items.
- Conditions for safe storage: Store the material in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, away from direct sunlight, water, sources of ignition, and incompatible substances. A waterproof storage area with no water services is recommended. Keep all containers tightly closed when they are not being used or are empty.

Section 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Exposure Limits: Refer to Section 3.

Appropriate engineering controls: Provide showers, and NIOSH approved eve wash stations. System enclosure, ventilation (local exhaust), and explosion proof electrical equipment and lighting are recommended. Prevent as much dust build-up as possible. Try to ensure that there is no accumulation of electrostatic charges by grounding the equipment. Local ventilation systems must be suitable for Class II, Group E dusts, per the National Electrical Code, NFPA 70. See NFPA #484 for detailed information on requirements for ventilation systems handling combustible metal dusts.

Individual protection measures:



Gloves: As needed. Glove material should be electrically conductive to avoid static build-up and discharge. Respiratory Protection: For protection in normal use, where particulate concentrations do not reach IDLH

conditions, a particulate filter mask is recommended. For IDLH or hazardous situations a helmet, hood, or full face piece, pressure-demand or positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. Respirator selection is determined based on air born particulate concentration, and therefore will vary from location to location. This could be due to differences in facilities, ventilation, as well as the number of processes causing dust emissions. Employers should review the NIOSH/ANSI standards for Assigned Protection Factors in order to choose a correct respirator based on particulate concentration. Follow OSHA respirator regulations 29 CFR 1910.134 and European Standards EN 141, 143 and 371; wear an MSHA/NIOSH or European Standards EN 141, 143 and 371 approved respirators equipped with dust filters.

- Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side shields per OSHA eye- and face-protection regulations 29 CFR 1910.133 and European Standard EN166. Contact lenses are not eye protective devices. Appropriate eye protection must be worn instead of, or in conjunction with contact lenses.
- Footwear: No specific requirement due to the powder. Wear footwear suitable for the work environment and processes.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Other: Coveralls should be made from fire resistive materials which tend to not accumulate static charges. They should be designed in such a way as to avoid accumulation of dust in cuffs, pockets, etc.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Aluminum



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Physical State	Odour and Appearance	Odour Threshold (ppm)
Solid, powder	Odourless, light grey in colour.	NA
Specific Gravity	Vapour Density	Vapour Pressure (mmHg)
2.70	Greater than air (air=1)	1 mmHg at 1284°C
Evaporation Rate	Boiling Point (°C)	Freezing Point (°C)
ND	2467	660
PH	Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution	Solubility in Water (optional)
ND	ND	Insoluble
Aluminum Oxide		
Physical State	Odour and Appearance	Odour Threshold (ppm)
Solid powder	Odourless and white in colour.	Odourless
Specific Gravity	Vapour Density	Vapour Pressure (mmHg)
3.97	NA	Essentially 0 at room temperature.
Evaporation Rate	Boiling Point (°C)	Freezing Point (°C)
NA	2980	2054
рН	Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution	Solubility in Water (optional)
NA	ND	Insoluble
	Note: These are typical values and do not constitute a	specification.

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: The material should be kept away from any sources of ignition, moisture, or incompatible substances. Chemical Stability: Stable under normal shipping and handling conditions.

Conditions to avoid: Conditions involving moisture (moist air) and any incompatibles

Incompatible materials: Acids, bases, water, halogens, oxidizing agents (e.g., Dinitrogen tetroxide, bromates, chlorates, sodium peroxide), carbon dioxide, chlorinated hydrocarbons, halogenated hydrocarbons, sulfates, phosphorous, sulfur, some organic matter, nitrates, magnesium, chlorine trifluoride, fluorochlorolubricants, nitrate-nitrite, silver chloride, sodium carbonate, antimony, carbon disulfide, arsenic, selenium, metal oxides, oxosalts or sulfides (e.g., Copper or lead oxides, nitrates, sulfates), interhalogens, nitro compounds, non-metal alides (e.g., Phosphorous pentoxide), carbon disulfide, nitrous oxide, phosgene, sulfur dioxide, diborane, alcohols, halocarbons, alkali hydroxides, ammonium nitrate, chromic anhydride, cadmium, hydrazine mononitrate, hydroxylamine, selenium, chlorinated rubber, catalytic metals, nitrobenzene, potassium nitrate, lead azide, ethylene oxide, oxygen difluoride, vinyl acetate.

Hazardous decomposition products: Flammable hydrogen gas, aluminum oxide.

Section 11 **Toxicological information**

Irritancy of Product: Material may cause irritation to the eyes (most likely only as a foreign object), skin, and respi system. It may cause gastrointestinal irritation if large amounts are consumed.

Skin Sensitization: Low po	otential	Respirator	Sensitization: Potentially

Carcinogenicity

None of the components of this product are listed as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA, AGCIH, IARC or NTP.

Reproductive Toxicity: ND	Teratogenicity: ND	
Embryotoxicity: ND	Mutagenicity: ND	
Name of Toxicologically Synergistic Products/Effects: ND		

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Under normal handling and use, exposure to product presents few health hazards. Dusts may cause mechanical irritation to eyes and skin resulting in itching and redness. Ingestion may cause transient irritation of throat, stomach and gastrointestinal tract. Inhalation may cause coughing, nose and throat irritation, and sneezing. Higher dust exposures may cause difficulty breathing, congestion, and chest tightness.

Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Inhalation: Dust may irritate nose and throat. If heated, aluminum fumes may cause metal fume fever, a delayed, benign, transient flu-like condition.

Skin contact: May cause skin irritations. Prolonged skin contact with coated aluminum may cause skin irritation in sensitive individuals. Workers with anemia, kidney damage, digestive, respiratory, nervous systems, pregnant women and fertile females warrant particular attention.



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Skin absorption: Not applicable for product in purchased form.

Eye contact: High concentrations of dust may cause irritation to the eyes. Fumes can cause eye irritations. Ingestion: Ingestion of significant amounts of product is unlikely. If swallowed and person is conscious, give large quantities of water to drink. Get medical attention as soon as possible. Serious effects may occur if large amounts of dust are swallowed.

Acute exposure: If acute exposure is experienced, irritation to the eyes, skin, respiratory and potentially the gastrointestinal tract may be experienced. If exposed to any of the metal's fumes, there is a potential to develop metal fume fever (characterized by fever, chills, chest tightness, and coughing).

Effects of Chronic Exposure: Aluminum dust is considered to be a nuisance particulate by OSHA. Continued exposure to concentrations above the recommended TLV may cause irritation of the eye, mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Inhalation of Copper, Zinc fumes may be one cause of "Metal Fume Fever". Symptoms include chills, fever, sweating, metallic taste, nausea, general weakness, muscle aches. Chronic overexposure to Manganese may cause nervous system disorders (Parkinson-type symptoms, pneumonitis).

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following data has been determined for the elements that may be constituents:

Aluminum, LD50/LC50: Oral - rat - > 2,000 mg/kg Inhalation - rat - 4 h - > 888 mg/l

Section 12 **Ecological information**

For ecological information pertaining to these chemicals, data can be obtained through such organizations as The Ministry of Environment, ESIS: European chemical Substances Information System, as well as the HSDB: Hazardous Substance Data Bank.

Section 13 **Disposal considerations**

Waste Disposal Methods: Reuse or recycle product whenever possible. Material unfit for reuse may be sent to a metals recovery facility that is properly equipped to handle finely divided materials. Material that cannot be reclaimed or recycled should be disposed of in accordance with applicable Federal, State and Local regulations. Any hazardous wastes should be shipped to a permitted waste disposal facility. Due to the fact that processing/use of the product could potentially alter its characteristics (and consequently its waste management classification), instructions on proper disposal processes should be identified through contact with appropriate environmental regulatory agencies.

Section 14 **Transport information**

DOT:	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IATA:	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IMDG Code:	Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Section 15 **Regulatory information**

IARC:	Not Listed		
NTP:	Not Listed		
OSHA:	Not Listed		
TDG:	Not Listed		
DSL:	All ingredients are listed.		
TSCA:	All ingredients are listed.		
Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57: Not Listed			
ANNEX XIV of the REACH: Not Listed			
Chemical Safety Assessment: No			

Section 16 Other information

Acronyms:

- ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- CAS = Chemical Abstract Service
- = Center for Environmental Health & Safety CEHS
- = Code of Federal Regulations CFR



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DOT	= Department of Transportation
DSL	= Domestic Substances List
EINECS	= European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances
IMDG	= International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IARC	 International Agency for Research on Cancer
IDLH	= Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health
LC ₅₀	= Lethal dose (50 percent kill)
LD _{Lo}	= Lowest published lethal dose
NA	= Not applicable
ND	= Not determined
OSHA	= Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	= Permissible exposure limit
TDG	= Transportation of Dangerous Goods
TDUST	= Total dust
TLV	= Threshold limit value
TSAC	= Toxic Substances Control Act (United States)
UN	= United Nations
% WT	= Percent weight
reliable. Since	on herein is given in good faith and based on technical data that CenterLine (Windsor) Ltd believes to be the conditions of use are outside our control, we assume no liability in connection with any use of this nd no warranty, expressed or implied is given. Contact CenterLine (Windsor) Ltd or its associates for prmation.
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